GENERAL NOTES:

APPLICABLE CODES:

- A. These general notes apply to all structural drawings. This project is designed in accordance with the International Building Code (IBC), 2015 Edition and the 'Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures' (ASCE/SEI 7-10).
- B. All material and workmanship shall be in accordance with applicable provisions of the codes specified above.

LOADS USED IN DESIGN:

A. Gravity Loading			
Λ.	Gravity Lodain	Roof Snow Load Roof Live Load	5 psf 20 psf
		Roof Dead Load	15 psf
		Floor & Deck Live Load Floor Dead Load Deck Dead Load	40 psf 10 psf 15 psf
В.	Wind Loading		
	3	Velocity Ultimate (3 sec gust) Exposure Risk Factor Internal Pressure Coeff., GCpi	115 mph C II -0.18 / 0.18 (Enclosed)
C.	Seismic	Sds Sd1 Site Class Seismic Group Fa Fv SMs SM1	0.072 0.049 D A 1.6 2.4 0.108 0.074

COORDINATION:

- A. DO NOT SCALE PLANS. The layout shown is based solely on the architectural plans by Brown Designs project no. CSTM-2879, not dated and plans provided by Danny Bess received March 16, 2020. Changes affecting the layout shown must be specific and clearly conveyed to GreenWorks Engineering and Consulting in written form as a change for inclusion into these plans.
- B. Contractor and/or client shall verify all dimensions and layout prior to construction. All dimensions shall be checked against the architectural plans referenced above and any discrepancies shall be brought to the attention of the Architect and Engineer of Record immediately. Refer to mechanical, electrical and architectural plans for openings not shown on the structural plans.
- Shop drawings shall be prepared by the fabricator. Copying of these construction documents for use as shop drawings will not be permitted.
- All temporary shoring shall be the responsibility of the contractor.
- E. Design is based on the current applicable building codes listed above and shall be void if the building code at the time of construction changes from the codes listed above.

- A. Concrete has been designed and shall be constructed in accordance with the American Concrete Institute 'Building Code Requirement Reinforced Concrete' and 'Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings'(ACI 318 and ACI 301) latest editions. Section 1.3"Inspection" of ACI 318 is deleted in its entirety, see 'Field Observations' paragraph. All concrete shall be of stone aggregate, unless noted otherwise.
- Concrete Mixes: See specifications for any additional durability requirements.

Mix 'A' For Slabs on Grade

4,000 psi minimum compressive strength at 28 days. Type I/II Cement, minimum of 540 pounds per cubic yard. Fly Ash not allowed.

1" maximum aggregate size.

3% maximum entrained air.

4" maximum slump (8" with super-plasticizer).

Water reducing agent (use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations). Mix 'B' For Footings, Grade Beams, and Miscellaneous Concrete

3,500 psi minimum compressive strength at 28 days. Type I/II Cement, minimum of 470 pounds per cubic yard. 3/4" maximum aggregate size.

6% maximum entrained air.

4" maximum slump (8" with super-plasticizer).

- C. Reinforcing shall be new billet steel conform to ASTM A615, grade 60, except ties—shall be grade 40. Provide not less than (2) #4 around all sides of all openings in concrete and extend 2'-0'' past edges of openings. No splices Of reinforcement are permitted except as detailed or authorized by the Engineer of Record. Where permitted use contact lap splices, (36) bar diameters minimum.
- D. For the proper placement of the reinforcement provide chairs, bolsters, additional reinforcement, and accessories necessary to support the reinforcement at the positions shown on plans. Support of reinforcement on form ties, wood, brick, brickbat or other unacceptable material, will not be permitted.
- Grout under base plates and bearing plates shall be high strength, non-shrink, non-metallic grout with a minimum compressive strength, at 28 days, of 7,500 psi.
- Reinforcement shall be placed so that the following minimum concrete cover is provided, unless noted otherwise.

3" Clear 1) Concrete poured against earth. . . . 2) Formed surfaces exposed to earth or weather. 2" Clear a) #6 Bars and larger. . . . b) #5 Bars and smaller. . . . 1-1/2" Clear 3/4" Clear

3) Concrete not exposed to earth or weather. . . . 4) Beams, columns, ties, stirrups or spirals around primary reinforcement, or primary

1-1/2" Clear reinforcement with no ties, stirrups or spirals. . . . Placed at center (U.N.O.) G. Welded Wire Fabric (WWF) shall conform to ASTM A185. Provide WWF in flat sheets, rolled sheets are

not allowed. Where permitted use contact lap splices, (50) bar diameters minimum. H. Foundation walls below grade shall have backfill placed equally on both sides until the required levels

are reached. Walls shall be appropriately shored when backfill is placed on one side only. Additional (2) #4 bars (one each face) with a 2'-0'' projection shall be placed diagonally across the corners of all openings and at vertical steps in walls unless otherwise detailed on plans.

The contractor is responsible for determining when it is safe to remove forms and/or shoring. Forms and shoring must not be removed until the walls are strong enough to support their own weight and any superimposed loads. For foundation walls, this typically requires 12 hours of cumulative curing time at a temperature of 50°F or more. Concrete must be adequately covered during cold periods to maintain this surface temperature. Due to varying weather conditions, alternative curing processes, and the use of Type I/II cement, GreenWorks Engineering suggests forms remain in place a minimum of 3 days to assure this performance specification has been met. When forms are stripped there must be no excessive deflection, distortion, discoloration and no evidence of damage to the concrete. Adequate thermal protection of the concrete shall be continued after stripping for a cumulative period of 48 hours at 50°F, or more, after the initial pour. See applicable notes for specifications on when to backfill foundation walls.

K. Field Quality Control

Reference standard: ACI 301 Chapters 16 and 17, in latest edition.

2) Slump tests: The contractor shall provide necessary equipment and shall make test in conformity with ASTM C143. The contractor shall make slump tests on the first concrete truck of each pour and as often as deemed necessary by the contractor to maintain the required slump when directed by the Architect or Engineer of Record.

3) Control tests:

- a) Control tests of concrete work shall be made on every 50 cubic yards or fraction thereof of concrete placed and, in any case, minimum of once during each day's pour.
- b) Each test shall consist of four standard 6" test cylinders cast and cured in accordance with ASTM C31 and ASTM C172.

c) Sample concrete at point of placement.

- d) One cylinder shall be tested at the end of 7 days after placing, two cylinders shall be tested at 28 days after placing and the remaining cylinder shall be stored until its disposition is determined by the Architect.
- e) In general, remaining cylinder will be tested only when previous test
- indicated unsatisfactory results. f) Tests on remaining cylinder shall be at the expense of the
- g) Architect and /or Engineer of Record reserves the right to stop future concrete work when the 7 or 28 day tests indicate unsatisfactory results until, in the opinion of the Architect and/or Engineer of Record, proper corrective measures have been taken to insure quality concrete in future work and corrections deemed necessary have been made.
- h) Tests shall be made at time control tests are taken and so stated in reports to determine slump, air content, unit weight and temperature of concrete.
- i) All tests shall be made in accordance with ASTM C138 or ASTM C231.
- 4) Slab tolerance: Maintain surface flatness with maximum variation of 1/8" in 20 feet.

A. Structural steel, including cast in angles, plates or other sections shall be detailed and erected in accordance with the American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC) Specifications and Code of Standard Practice, latest edition.

B. All wide flange and channel structural steel shall conform to ASTM A992. All HSS members shall conform to ASTM A500, Grade—B. Pipe columns shall conform to ASTM A53, Grade—B. All other structural shapes and miscellaneous steel shall conform to ASTM A36 unless otherwise noted.

C. Column base plates shall be set on 1.1/2" non-shrink high density grout with a minimum of (4) 3/4" ø x 1'-0" anchor bolts, unless noted otherwise.

- D. Shop connections shall be welded with E70xx electrodes and ground smooth where exposed. Field connections shall be made with bolts conforming to ASTM A325N unless otherwise noted. Field welds shall be made with E70xx electrodes. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS "Structural Welding Code", latest edition and performed by certified, licensed welder.
- E. All beam connections not detailed on the drawings shall be standard framed beam connections as shown in Table II and III of the AISC "Manual of Steel Construction". latest edition, designed to carry the full capacity of the uniformly loaded member, unless noted otherwise.
- F. Headed stud anchors shall conform to AWS D1.1 and shall be automatically end
- G. Steel stairs to be detailed and designed by others unless noted otherwise. Stair detailer shall provide shop drawings and calculations prepared and stamped by a structural engineer registered in the state of Texas, for review by the Engineer of Record to verify they conform to the requirements of the basic structure. Fabrication shall not proceed until completion of shop drawing review by the Engineer of Record.
- H. All exposed structural steel shall be hot dipped galvanized. I. Field Quality Control: Inspect in accordance with AISC specifications. Materials engineer shall visually inspect all field welded connections and visually inspect all bolted connections to ascertain that all welds, bolts, nuts and required washers have been installed and are of proper type and that all facing surfaces have been brought into snug contact.

A. Framing lumber shall be Southern Pine (unless noted otherwise) and as follows or better:

2x4 studs . . . Stud Grade 2x6 or larger studs. . . #2 Grade #3 Grade #2 Grade Joists and Rafters . . . 2x and 4x Beams . . . #2 Grade 6x or larger Beams . . . #1 Grade Beam and Stringer 24F-V4 DF/DF unless noted otherwise Glu-Lam Beams . . . Posts. . . #1 Grade Post and Timber

LVL . . . 2.0 E - Fb 2800 B. All wood construction shall be in conformance with the provisions of "The National Design Specification for Wood Construction", latest edition.

C. Laminated Veneer Lumber (LVL) and prefab joists shall be manufactured by 'TrusJoist' or equivalent or shall meet APA Performance Standards, and installed per manufacturers specifications. Supplier shall furnish shop drawings showing all joists, bridging, blocking

and miscellaneous accessories for review by the structural engineer prior to fabrication. D. Where not otherwise shown on plans, all nailing or screwing shall be as indicated in the current Building Code. All sheathing must be nailed. Adhesives SHALL NOT be used in

E. Metal connectors to be provided by 'Simpson Strong—Tie' or equivalent. F. APA rated OSB may be used in lieu of plywood with prior approval from Engineer of

G. Minimum treatment for pressure treated lumber shall be as follows:

1) Wood not in contact with soil 0.25 ACQ 2) Wood in contact with soil 0.40 ACQ

H. Pressure treated lumber that has been cut shall be site treated at each cut. I. Bolt holes in lumber shall be drilled as bolt diameter plus 1/16".

METAL WOOD FRAMING HARDWARE:

- A. All metal wood framing hardware shall be provided by 'Simpson Strong-Tie' or equivalent.
- B. All metal hardware shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations.
- C. All metal fasteners and hardware in contact with pressure treated lumber shall be Hot Dipped Galvanized or ZMax coated (G=185).

SHEATHING and DECKING:

- A. Roof sheathing/decking shall be a minimum of 7/16" thick CDX plywood or APA rated O.S.B. C—D interior grade with exterior glue. Minimum panel span rating of
- B. Floor sheathing/decking shall be a minimum of 23/32" thick CDX plywood or APA rated O.S.B. C-D interior grade with exterior glue. Minimum panel span rating of
- C. Gypsum sheathing for shear walls shall be a minimum of 1/2" thick and free of imperfections and shall conform to ASTM C79.
- D. Exterior wall sheathing shall be a minimum of 7/16" thick plywood or APA rated O.S.B.

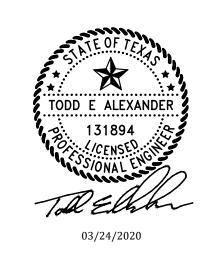
WIRE NAILS:

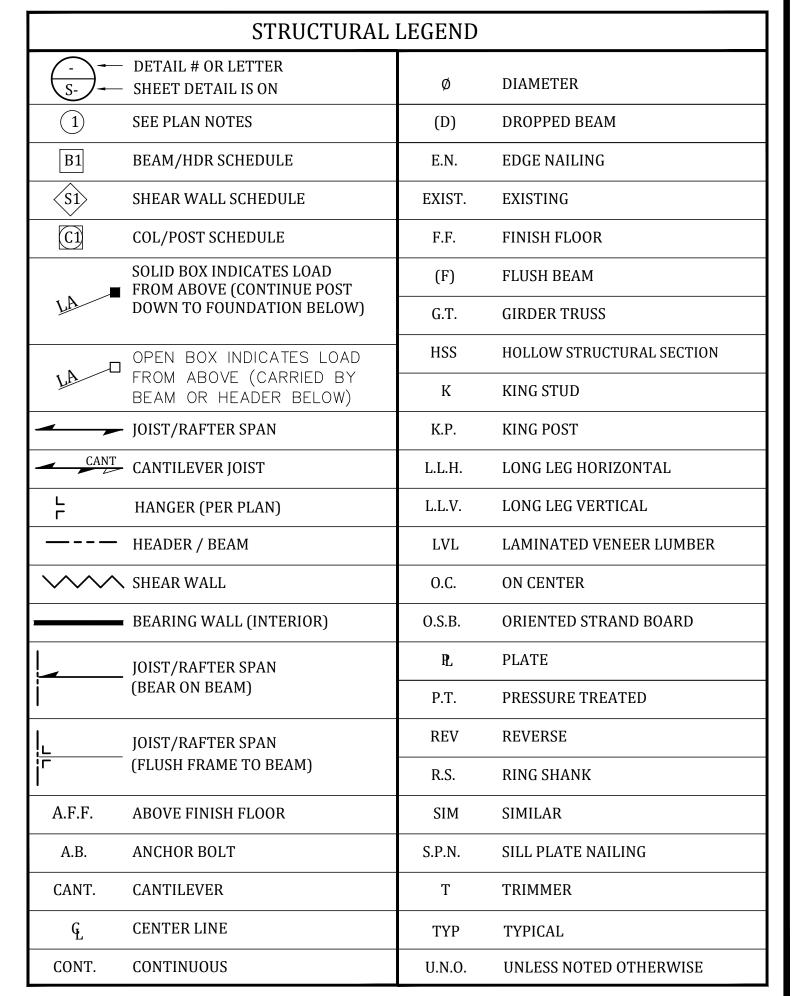
- A. Nail installation and materials shall be in compliance with A.I.T.C., NDS, and all applicable building code requirements.
- B. Gun nails mat be used in lieu of hand nailing. Gun nail substitutions shall be as follows:

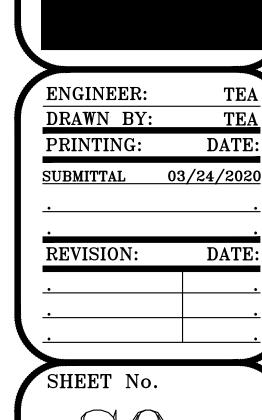
0.113" x 2.5" $0.123" \times 3.0"$ 10d $0.123" \times 3.25"$ 12d 16d 0.133" x 3.5"

- C. Nails shall have a minimum penetration of 10 times the wire diameter unless noted otherwise on the plans.
- D. Edge distance for all nails shall be a minimum of 4 times the wire diameter unless noted otherwise on the plans.
- E. All nails listed /specified on the plans shall be Common.





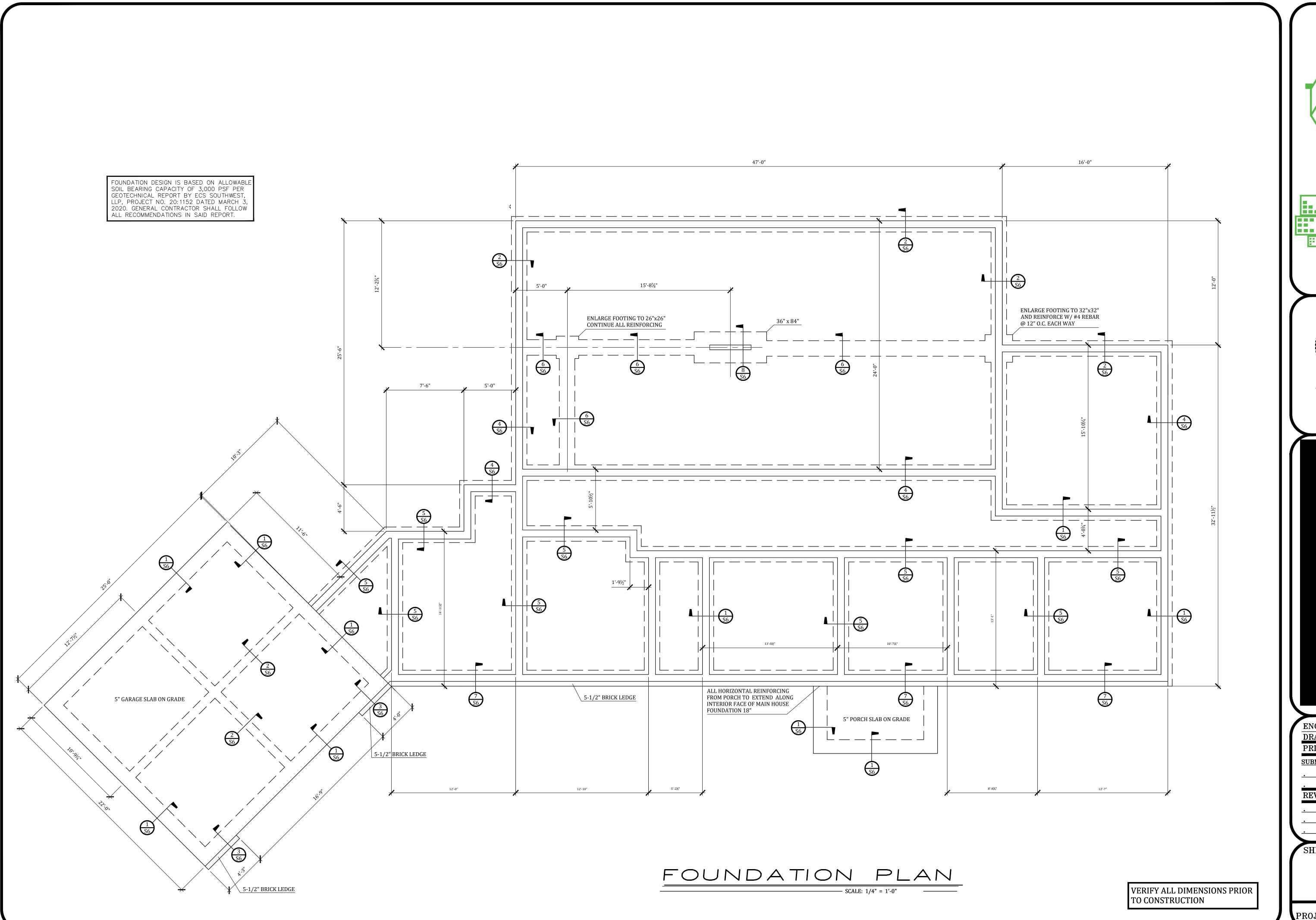




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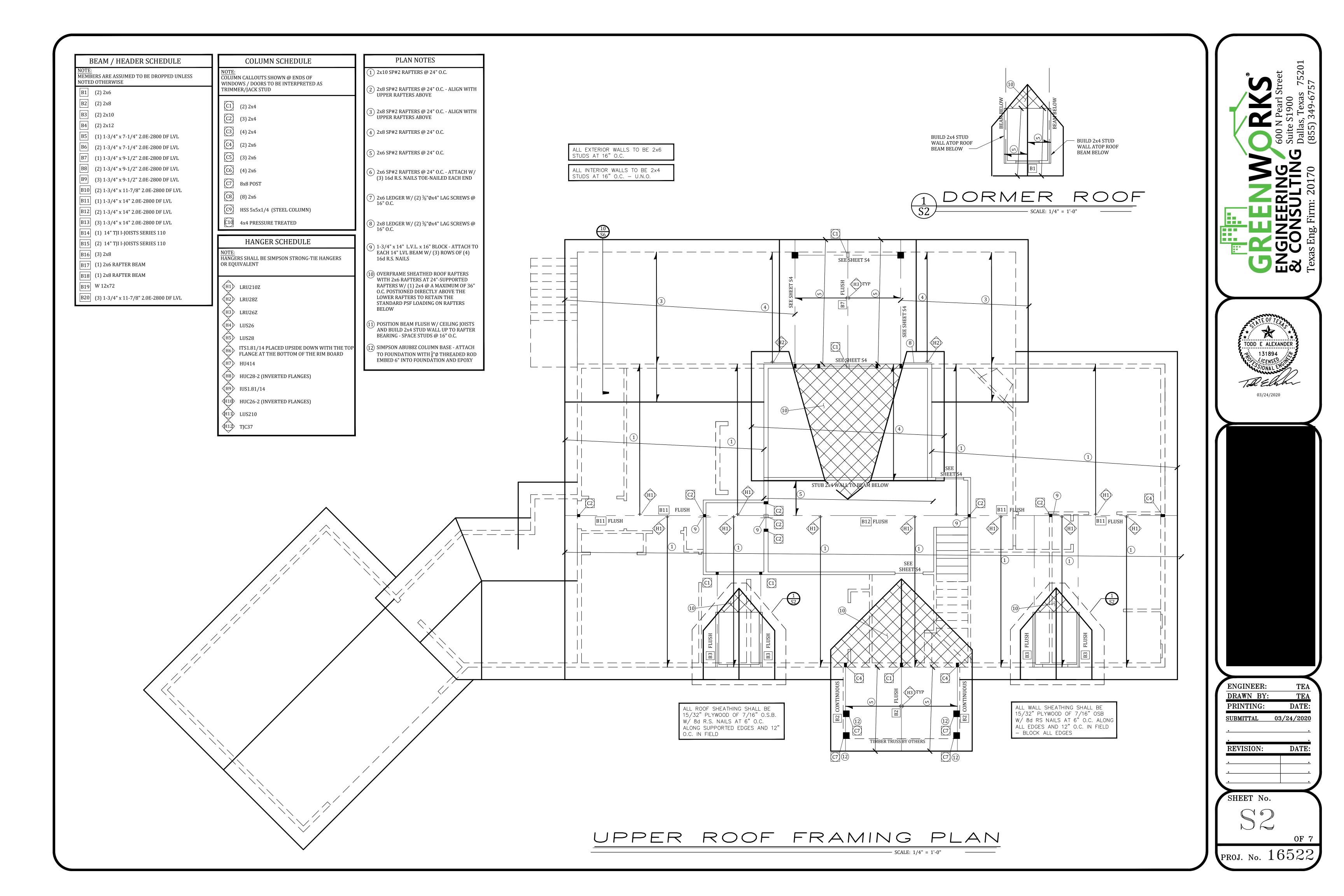


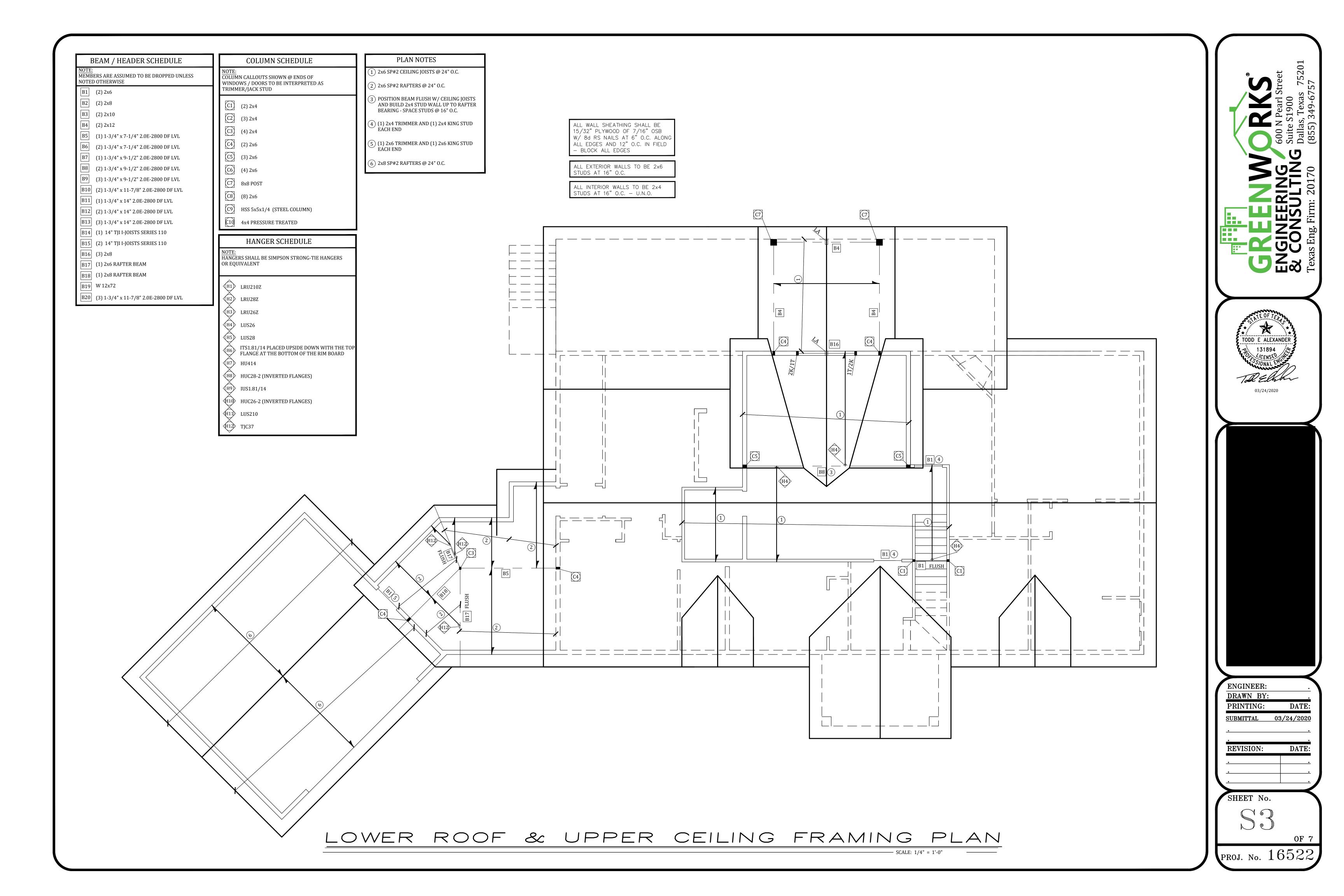


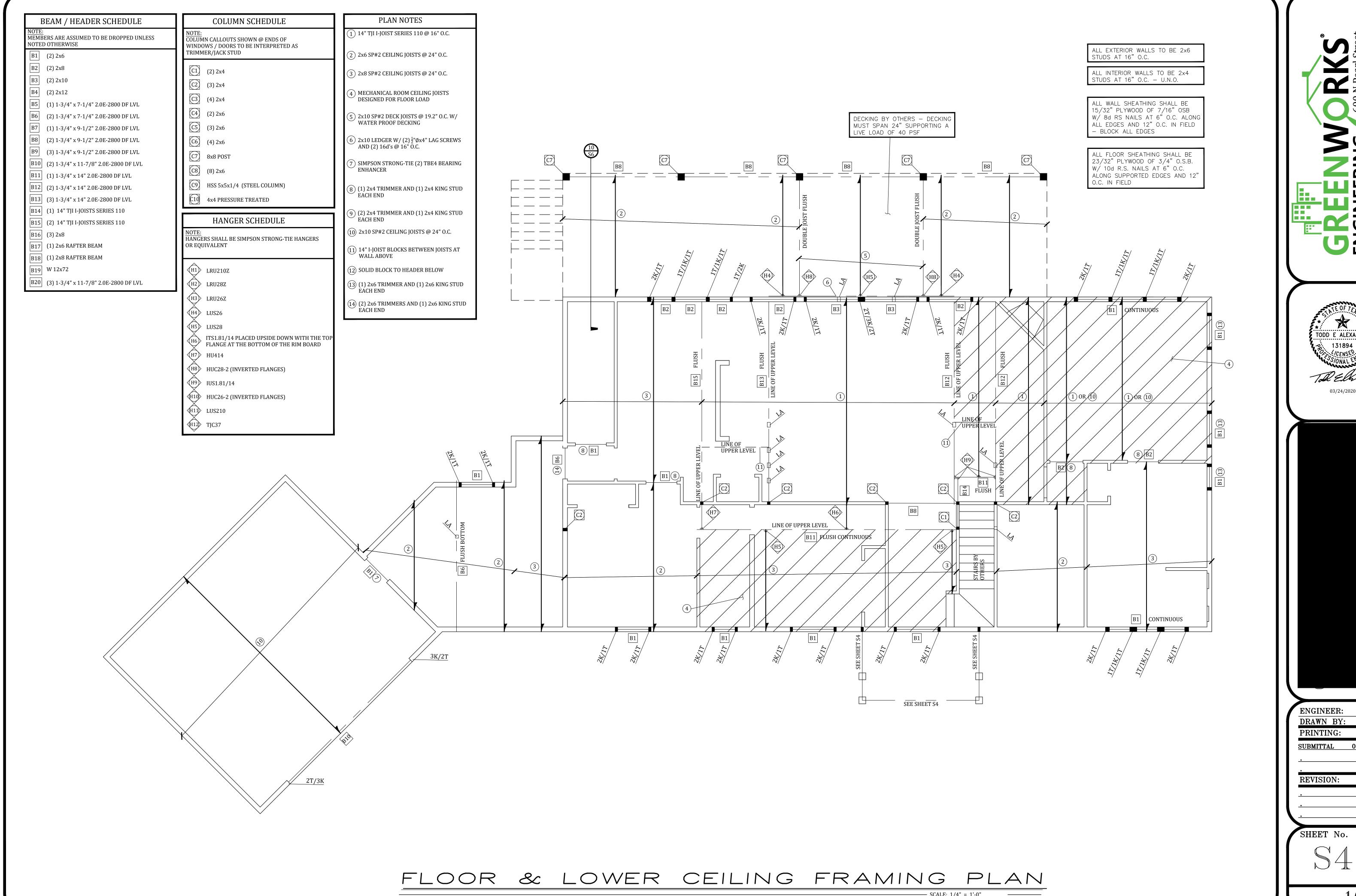
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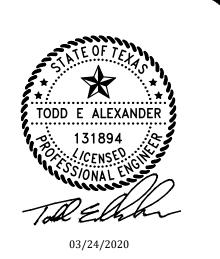
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SUBMITTAL 03/24/202

